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**MATHEMATICS****0580/22**

Paper 2 Non-calculator (Extended)

**February/March 2025****2 hours**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

**INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.

**INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **20** pages.



## List of formulas

Area,  $A$ , of triangle, base  $b$ , height  $h$ .

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

Area,  $A$ , of circle of radius  $r$ .

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Circumference,  $C$ , of circle of radius  $r$ .

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Curved surface area,  $A$ , of cylinder of radius  $r$ , height  $h$ .

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area,  $A$ , of cone of radius  $r$ , sloping edge  $l$ .

$$A = \pi rl$$

Surface area,  $A$ , of sphere of radius  $r$ .

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume,  $V$ , of prism, cross-sectional area  $A$ , length  $l$ .

$$V = Al$$

Volume,  $V$ , of pyramid, base area  $A$ , height  $h$ .

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume,  $V$ , of cylinder of radius  $r$ , height  $h$ .

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume,  $V$ , of cone of radius  $r$ , height  $h$ .

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

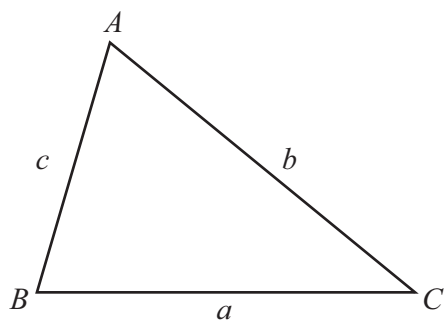
Volume,  $V$ , of sphere of radius  $r$ .

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

For the equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , where  $a \neq 0$ ,

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

For the triangle shown,



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$





Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

- 1 Oranges cost 220 rupees per kilogram.

Work out the cost of 9 kg of these oranges.

..... rupees [1]

- 2 Aryan goes on a journey.  
He leaves home at 11 40 and arrives at 14 18.

Find how many hours and minutes the journey took.

..... h ..... min [1]

- 3 A quadrilateral has one line of symmetry.  
The diagonals of the quadrilateral cross at right angles.

Write down the mathematical name of the quadrilateral.

..... [1]





4

$$V = 4mp^2$$

(a) Find  $V$  when  $m = 10$  and  $p = -3$ .

$$V = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

(b) Find the positive value of  $p$  when  $V = 3200$  and  $m = 2$ .

$$p = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

5 Write these lengths in order of size, starting with the smallest.

0.03 m

2.9 cm

32 mm

0.000 02 km

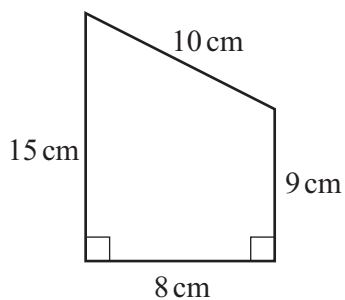
....., ....., ....., ..... [2]  
*smallest*





5

6

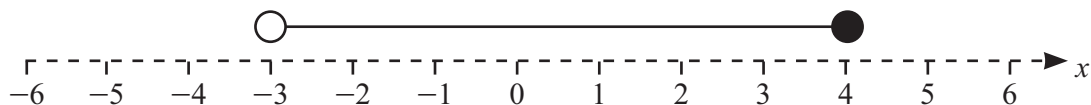


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Work out the area of the trapezium.

.....  $\text{cm}^2$  [2]

7



Write down the inequality for  $x$  represented on the number line.

..... [2]





- 8 Pryanka plays a game in which she can win, lose or draw.  
The table shows the probability of her winning or losing a game.

Result of game	win	lose	draw
Probability	0.3	0.25	

- (a) Complete the table.

[2]

- (b) Pryanka plays this game 120 times.

Work out the expected number of games she wins.

..... [1]

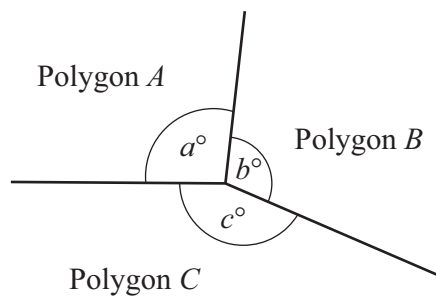
9

$$D = \sqrt{\frac{1.95 \times 9.92^2}{8.07}}$$

By writing each number correct to 1 significant figure, work out an estimate for  $D$ .

$D =$  ..... [3]





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Three regular polygons  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  meet at a point.  
The interior angles of the polygons are in the ratio  $a : b : c = 3 : 4 : 5$ .

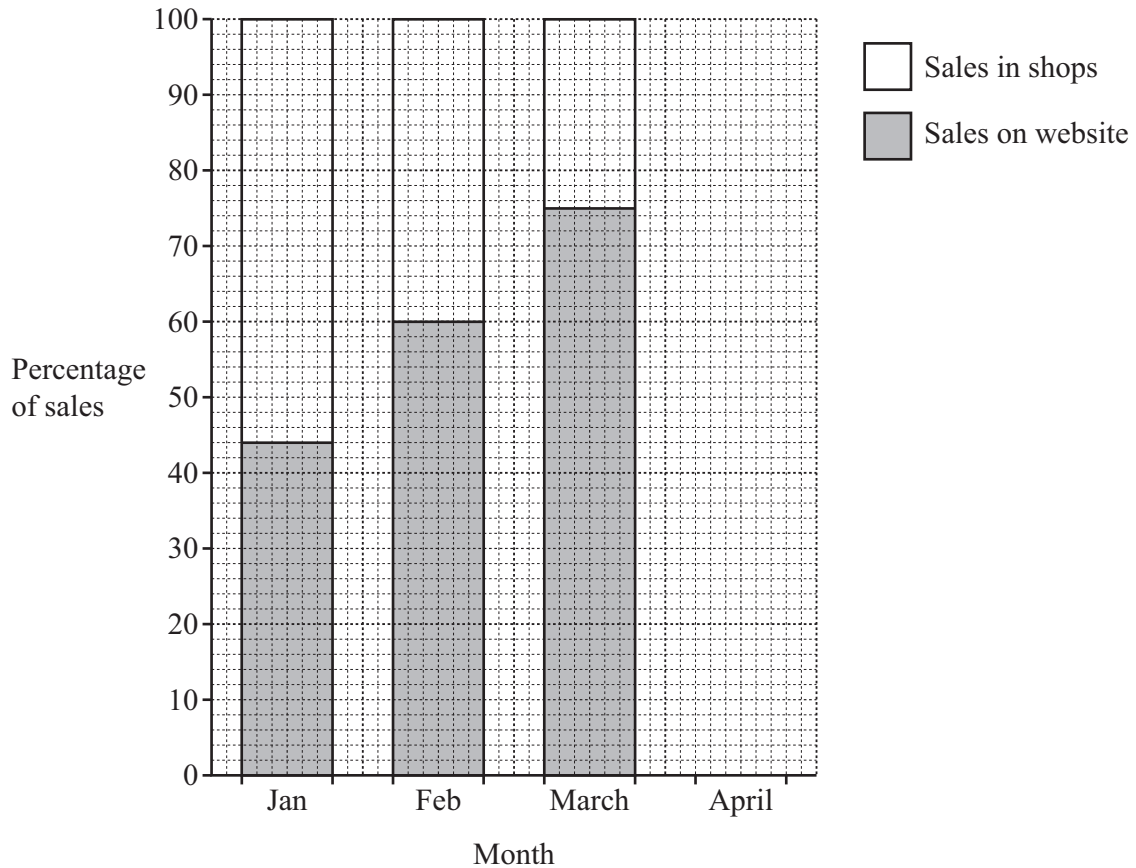
Show that polygon  $C$  has twice the number of sides as polygon  $B$ .

[5]





- 11 A company sells items either on a website or in shops.  
The composite bar chart shows the percentage of sales on the website and in shops for January, February and March.



- (a) In April,  $\frac{17}{20}$  of the company's sales were on the website.

On the grid, draw the bar for April.

[2]

- (b) In February, the company had sales of \$3.5 million.

Work out the value of sales **in shops** in February.

\$ ..... million [3]





- (c) In May, the company had sales of \$6 million.  
In June, the company had sales of \$7.5 million.

Find the percentage increase in sales from May to June.

..... % [3]

- (d) In 2024, the company had total sales of \$52 million.  
This was an increase of 30% on the total sales for 2023.

Work out the total sales in 2023.

\$ ..... million [2]

- 12 (a) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{8} - \frac{x+2}{12}$$

..... [3]

- (b) Factorise.

$$3x(a+4y) - ay - 4y^2$$

..... [1]

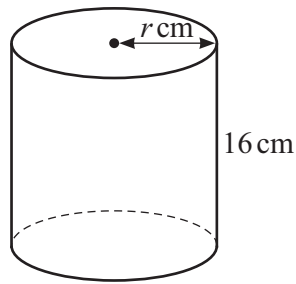




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10



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The diagram shows a cylinder with radius  $r$  cm and height 16 cm.

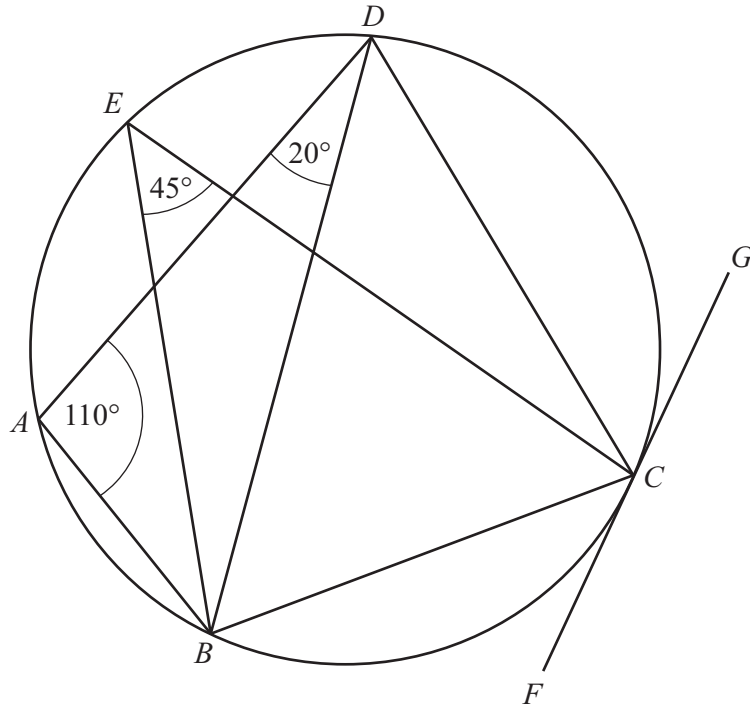
A sphere has radius 3 cm.

The volume of the cylinder is equal to the volume of the sphere.

Find the value of  $r$ .

$r = \dots\dots\dots$  [4]



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$A, B, C, D$  and  $E$  lie on a circle.

$FG$  is a tangent to the circle at  $C$ .

Angle  $BAD = 110^\circ$ , angle  $ADB = 20^\circ$  and angle  $BEC = 45^\circ$ .

(a) Find angle  $BCD$ .

Give a geometrical reason for your answer.

Angle  $BCD = \dots\dots\dots$  because  $\dots\dots\dots$

$\dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(b) (i) Find angle  $DBC$ .

Angle  $DBC = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(ii) Find angle  $DCG$ .

Angle  $DCG = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]





15 Point  $A$  has coordinates  $(-4, 1)$  and  $\overrightarrow{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix}$ .

(a) Find the coordinates of point  $B$ .

( ..... , ..... ) [2]

(b) Point  $C$  has coordinates  $(5, -2)$ .

Find the vector  $\overrightarrow{CA}$ .

$\overrightarrow{CA} = \begin{pmatrix} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} \end{pmatrix}$  [2]

(c)  $\overrightarrow{EF} = 3\overrightarrow{BA}$

Find  $|\overrightarrow{EF}|$ .

..... [3]





16 The stem-and-leaf diagram shows the mass of each of 13 packets.

3	1	2	8			
4	0	1	2	3	3	8
5	1	2	3	4		

Key: 3 | 1 represents 31 g

(a) Work out the interquartile range.

..... g [3]

(b) Two of these packets are chosen at random.

Find the probability that the one packet has a mass of more than 50 g and the other packet has a mass of less than 50 g.

..... [3]





17 Work out.

$$\frac{5}{9} + 0.2\dot{8}$$

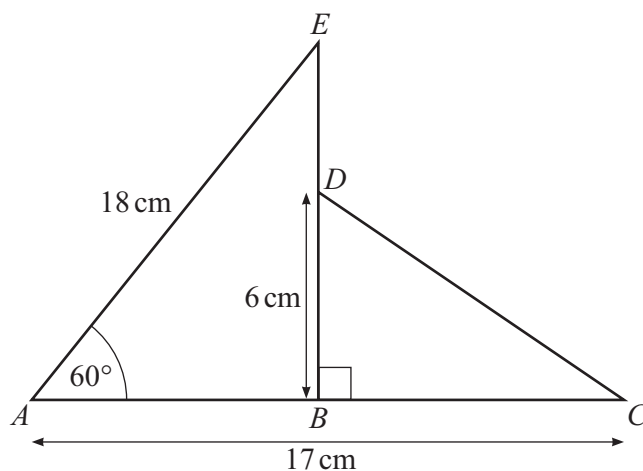
Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

..... [4]





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The quadrilateral  $ACDE$  is formed by two right-angled triangles  $ABE$  and  $BCD$ .  
 $AC = 17\text{ cm}$ ,  $AE = 18\text{ cm}$  and  $BD = 6\text{ cm}$ .

(a) Show that  $CD = 10\text{ cm}$ .

[5]

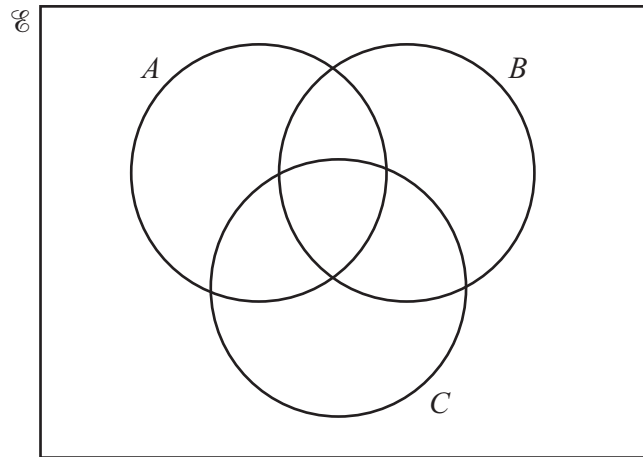
(b) Find the perimeter of the quadrilateral  $ACDE$ .  
 Give your answer in the form  $p + k\sqrt{q}$ .

..... cm [4]





19



In the Venn diagram, shade the region  $(A \cup B \cup C)'$ .

[1]

20 (a) Simplify.

$$\sqrt{300} + \sqrt{48}$$

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator and simplify.

$$\frac{9}{2 + \sqrt{7}}$$

..... [3]







21 (a) Write down the coordinates of the point where the graph of  $y = 5x - 3$  crosses the  $y$ -axis.

( ..... , ..... ) [1]

(b)  $A$  is the point  $(1, 7)$  and  $B$  is the point  $(5, 15)$ .

Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the line  $AB$ .

Give your answer in the form  $y = mx + c$ .

$y =$  ..... [5]





22 A curve has equation  $y = x^3 + x^2 - x$ .

The curve has a stationary point at  $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{5}{27}\right)$ .

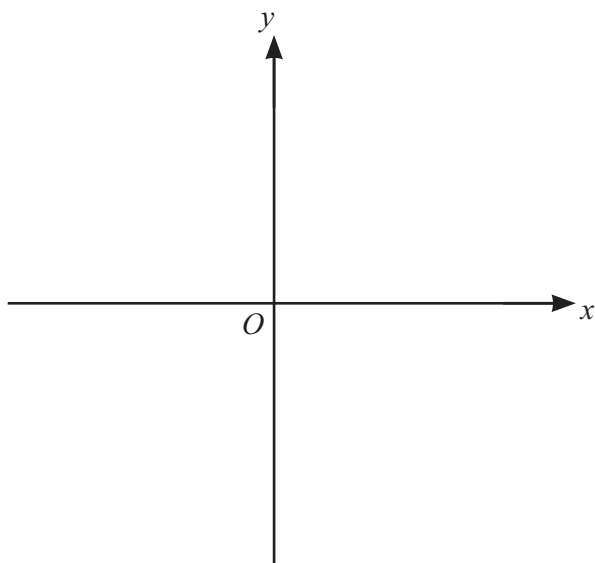
(a) Find the coordinates of the other stationary point.

( ..... , ..... ) [5]





- (b) By sketching the graph of  $y = x^3 + x^2 - x$ , determine whether the stationary point  $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{5}{27}\right)$  is a maximum or a minimum.



$\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{5}{27}\right)$  is a ..... [2]

- (c) The equation  $x^3 + x^2 - x = k$  has fewer than 3 solutions.

Find the range of possible values for  $k$ .

..... [2]

Question 23 is printed on the next page.





23 (a) Simplify  $\left(\frac{x^2}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$ .

..... [2]

(b)  $16^x \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x = 4^{x+3}$

Find the value of  $x$ .

$x =$  ..... [4]

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